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# ZULU

ORIGIN STORY

790L

BIG HISTORY PROJECT



# ZULU

UNKULUNKULU:  
THE GREAT ONE

Compiled by David Baker, adapted by Newsela

The Zulu people have different versions of their origin story. Yet all versions share this same theme: Life has a single common ancestor.

*The Zulu are a proud African people. They're famous throughout history for their fierceness and bravery in fending off invaders. Archaeologists tell us they traveled to the green lands of south-eastern Africa many centuries ago from the huge lake regions to the north. Today, they make up the largest group in South Africa. Their creation story has been passed down by word of mouth from generation to generation. It tells of how the ancestors of all plants, animals, and humanity began from a single source.*

At first, there was nothing but darkness. Earth was a lifeless rock. But in that darkness there was a god, Umvelinqangi, whose voice was like thunder and who, when angered, would shake the world with earthquakes. Umvelinqangi created a single tiny seed. He sent it to the Earth. This seed was the very first life, from which all other life descended. It landed in the soil and sprouted into a long reed. The reed dropped more seeds, which fell off and grew into even more reeds. This continued until they covered a massive swamp to the north, the land called Uthlanga.

At the end of one reed, there grew a man. His name was Unkulunkulu, known as "the first ancestor" and "the Great One." Very small at first, he grew so large and heavy that he snapped off the end of the reed. Walking across the land of Uthlanga, he noticed men and women were sprouting at the ends of the other reeds. He picked them from the reeds. These people were the first humans, the ancestors of all nations, and they spread across the Earth. It was from Uthlanga that the ancestors of the Zulu journeyed south to the fertile lands they live in today.

The Great One continued to walk among the reeds. He saw many forms of life growing at the end of them. He gathered the fish and flung them into the rivers. Fields and forests began to grow, so he harvested birds and antelope, and they darted off into the wild. He picked cattle so they could be used by humans. He plucked off a ball of fire and a round glowing stone, and flung them into the sky. These were the Sun and Moon. Light came into the world.

The Great One also plucked from the reeds fierce lions and other beasts that would travel the lands hunting prey. He harvested magical creatures, some good and some bad. One was the snake-like goddess of the rivers named Mamlambo. She was rumored by some Zulu to drown people, eat their faces, and suck out their brains. Another goddess was Mbaba Mwana Waresa, a beautiful woman who created rain and rainbows. She also invented farming and gave the Zulu the gift of beer.

One of the final acts of the Great One was the most tragic. He plucked the first chameleon off a reed and sent it to give humans the following message: "Men must not die." By the words of the Great One, humans would become immortal. Unfortunately, the chameleon was slow and lazy in his journey. The Great One grew impatient and picked a different lizard from a reed.

This lizard was fast and quickly arrived to give word to the humans. But the lizard did not bring the same instructions. Instead the lizard said the words, "Men must die." And so from that day, humans became mortal. It is said that chameleons change color because they are so ashamed their ancestor was not fast enough to spare humankind the invention of death.

The Great One was powerful in all he created. Many Zulu suspect he was the god who sent the seed to Earth in the first place. They think that he used it to transform himself into flesh and blood. But Zulu histories have differing versions of the story. The one thing of which the Zulu are certain is that all life — including humans — has a single common ancestor.

# Sources

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